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Courier

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PROOF OF PUBLICATION

TOWN OF WESSON 2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report PWS ID #150011 JUNE 21, 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from two wells pumping from the-Catalioula Formation Aquifer.

Our source water assessment has been conducted and it shows our wells are moderately susceptible to contamination.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mark Brown at 601-7.54-2312. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of every month at 7:00 p.m. at City Hall.

The Town of Wesson routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1" to December 31", 2012. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive mistances. All drinking water, including boulded drinking water, may be reasonably expected to constain at least manouns of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health rink.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Non-Detects (NI)) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per licer (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (oph) or Micrograms per liter- one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Action Level-the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water

Treatment Technique (TT)- Λ treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. Maximum Contaminant Level. The AMaximum Alloweda (MCI) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCI is an feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal- The AGoala(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant at drinking water below which there is no known or experted risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

April], 2013 A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radiometides beganning laruary 2007. December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled desilline; however, during an audit of the Missishipi State Department of health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Prosection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further nonce. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance and Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601376-7518.

HOUSE THE CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE STA

6. All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All dainking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to constain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agencys Safe Drinking Water Hodine at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable in contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-comprumised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some eklerly, and infants can be particularly at risk, from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosparidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hodine (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have any questions

This CCR Report will not be delivered to you by mail but you may obtain a copy at the Double Pouds Water Association

To comply with "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the TOWN OF WESSON is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year that average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm

*****April 1, 2013 A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample in accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quatterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007. December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EFA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

Please call our office if you have questions.

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our childrens future

This CCR Report will not be delivered to you by mail but you may obtain a copy at Wesson Town Hall.

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Additional Information for Lead

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and house, pour leading of the variety of materials used in plambing components. When your water has been sitting for several tours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may with have your exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hodine or at least my your appears to the your capusing it available from the Safe Drinking Water Hodine or at least to minimize the properties of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please Alf sources of drinking water as the sample. Please

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, brokeding bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More microtaminants contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agencys Safe Drinking Water Hottine at 1-800-496-4791.

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The Federal Safe Deitsling Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to in course each year. Depending on the Spondance served by the public water system in the confidence of the confi

Customers were informed of aveilability of CCR by: (Attack copy of publication, water bill or other)

Advertisement in local paper (stasch copy of publication, we on water bills (attach copy of bill)

Email message (MI/ST Email the message to the address below)

Other Date(s) customets were informed:

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used Date Mailed/Distributed:

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)

As a URL (Provide URL

As an attachment

As an attachment

As an attachment

As itext within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper. Copi on County Course

CCR was posted in public places. (Astach list of locations)

CCR was posted on a publicly successible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

CRRIPEICATION

I hereby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the unstomers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State.

Name Tile (President, Mapor, Ornes, etc.) 6-24-13 Delle

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1796 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to; (601)576-7880

June 26, 2013

May be consided to: Melanie, Yanklowski Broadh, siele, me, us

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2013 JUL -1 AM 10: 43

Copiah County

NEWSPAPER AL P.O. Drawer 351

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF COPIAH

Personally came to me, the undersigned, authority in end for COPIAH COUNTY, Mississippi the CLERK of the COPIAH COUNTY COURIER, a newspaper published in the City of Hazlehurst, Copiah County, in said state, who, being duly aworn, deposes and says that the COPIAH COUNTY COURIER is a newspaper as defined and proscribed in Senate Bill No. 203 enacted in the regular session of the Mississippi Logiciature of 1948, amended Saction 1858, of the Mississippi Code of 1942, and that the publication of a notice, of which the annexed is a true copy appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

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